

(1) 符號運算

數學符號運算

$$1. \quad \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= \frac{b}{ab} + \frac{a}{ab} \\ &= \frac{a+b}{ab} \end{aligned}$$

$$2. \quad \frac{1}{2a} - \frac{2}{3b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= \frac{3b}{6ab} - \frac{4a}{6ab} \\ &= \frac{3b-4a}{6ab} \end{aligned}$$

$$3. \quad \frac{3}{4a} - \frac{1}{6b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= \frac{9b}{12ab} - \frac{2a}{12ab} \\ &= \frac{9b-2a}{12ab} \end{aligned}$$

$$4. \quad \frac{1}{ab} + \frac{1}{c}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= \frac{c}{abc} + \frac{ab}{abc} \\ &= \frac{c+ab}{abc} \end{aligned}$$

$$5. \quad \frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= \frac{ad}{bd} + \frac{bc}{bd} \\ &= \frac{ad+bc}{bd} \end{aligned}$$

$$6. \quad a + \frac{1}{a}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= \frac{a^2}{a} + \frac{1}{a} \\ &= \frac{a^2+1}{a} \end{aligned}$$

$$7. \frac{1}{a} + \frac{2}{a^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= \frac{a}{a^2} + \frac{2}{a^2} \\ &= \frac{a+2}{a^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$8. \frac{1}{a+b} + \frac{1}{a-b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= \frac{a-b}{(a+b)(a-b)} + \frac{a+b}{(a-b)(a+b)} \\ &= \frac{(a-b) + (a+b)}{a^2 - b^2} \\ &= \frac{2a}{a^2 - b^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$9. \frac{1}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= \frac{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}) - (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})} \\ &= \frac{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}) - (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})}{a - b} \\ &= \frac{-2\sqrt{b}}{a - b} \end{aligned}$$

$$10. \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= \frac{b^2}{a^2b^2} + \frac{a^2}{a^2b^2} \\ &= \frac{b^2 + a^2}{a^2b^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$11. \frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{1}{b^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= \frac{b^2}{a^2b^2} - \frac{a^2}{a^2b^2} \\ &= \frac{b^2 - a^2}{a^2b^2} \\ &= \frac{(b+a)(b-a)}{a^2b^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$12. \frac{1}{a} \times \frac{1}{b}$$

$$\text{解} = \frac{1}{ab}$$

$$13. \frac{a}{b} \times \frac{1}{a^2}$$

$$\text{解} = \frac{1}{ab}$$

$$14. \frac{1}{a} \div \frac{1}{b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= \frac{1}{a} \times \frac{b}{1} \\ &= \frac{b}{a} \end{aligned}$$

$$15. \frac{a^2}{\frac{a}{b}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= a^2 \div \frac{a}{b} \\ &= a^2 \times \frac{b}{a} \\ &= ab \end{aligned}$$

$$16. \frac{ab}{c} \times \frac{2}{b}$$

$$\text{解} = \frac{2a}{c}$$

$$17. (a^2 - b^2) \times \frac{1}{a - b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= \frac{(a + b)(a - b)}{a - b} \\ &= a + b \end{aligned}$$

$$18. \frac{\frac{a}{b}}{\frac{c}{d}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= \frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} \\ &= \frac{a}{b} \times \frac{d}{c} \\ &= \frac{ad}{bc} \end{aligned}$$

$$19. \frac{a^2}{\frac{b^2}{a^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= a^2 \div \frac{b^2}{a^2} \\ &= a^2 \times \frac{a^2}{b^2} \\ &= \frac{a^4}{b^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$20. \frac{a - b}{a^2 - b^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} &= \frac{a - b}{(a + b)(a - b)} \\ &= \frac{1}{a + b} \end{aligned}$$

$$21. (-a) + b + 3a - 2b$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= (-a + 3a) + (b - 2b) \\ &= 2a - b \end{aligned}$$

$$22. -a(a + b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= -a^2 + ab \end{aligned}$$

$$23. a(a - b) - 2a(a + b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= a^2 - ab - 2a^2 - 2ab \\ &= (a^2 - 2a^2) - ab - 2ab \\ &= (-a^2) - 3ab \end{aligned}$$

$$24. a(a + b) - c(d - a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= a^2 + ab - cd + ca \end{aligned}$$

$$25. (a + b)(c + d)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= a(c + d) + b(c + d) \\ &= ac + ad + bc + bd \end{aligned}$$

$$26. 3a(c + d) - 4c(a - d)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= 3ac + 3ad - 4ac + 4cd \\ &= (3ac - 4ac) + 3ad + 4cd \\ &= (-ac) + 3ad + 4cd \end{aligned}$$

$$27. 3a(a + b) - 4a(a - b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= 3a^2 + 3ab - 4a^2 + 4ab \\ &= (3a^2 - 4a^2) + (3ab + 4ab) \\ &= (-a^2) + 7ab \end{aligned}$$

$$28. a(a + 2b) - 2a(2a - b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= a^2 + 2ab - 4a^2 + 2ab \\ &= -3a^2 + 4ab \end{aligned}$$

$$29. -a(b - c) + b(a - c)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= -ab + ac + ab - bc \\ &= (-ab + ab) + ac - bc \\ &= ac - bc \end{aligned}$$

$$30. 4a(a + 2b) - 3a(a - b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &= 4a^2 + 8ab - 3a^2 + 3ab \\ &= (4a^2 - 3a^2) + (8ab + 3ab) \\ &= a^2 + 11ab \end{aligned}$$

$$31. x - a = b$$

$$\text{解} \quad x = a + b$$

$$32. 3x - a = 4x + b$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &3x - 4x = a + b \\ &-x = a + b \\ &x = -(a + b) \end{aligned}$$

$$33. \frac{x - a}{2x - b} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &x - a = 2x - b \\ &x - 2x = a - b \\ &-x = a - b \\ &x = -a + b \end{aligned}$$

$$34. \frac{x}{3a} + a = b$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &\frac{x}{3a} = b - a \\ &x = 3a(b - a) \end{aligned}$$

$$35. \frac{2x - a}{x + a} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &2(2x - a) = x + a \\ &4x - 2a = x + a \\ &4x - x = a + 2a \\ &3x = 3a \\ &x = a \end{aligned}$$

$$36. 2x - b = 3a + a$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解} \quad &2x - 3x = a + b \\ &-x = a + b \\ &x = -(a + b) \end{aligned}$$

$$37. \frac{x - 2a}{x + 2a} = \frac{2a}{3}$$

解

$$\begin{aligned} 3(x - 2a) &= 2a(x + 2a) \\ 3x - 6a &= 2ax + 4a^2 \\ 3x - 2ax &= 4a^2 + 6a \\ x(3 - 2a) &= 4a^2 + 6a \\ x &= \frac{4a^2 + 6a}{3 - 2a} \end{aligned}$$

$$38. 2ax + 3 = 4bx - 7$$

解

$$\begin{aligned} 2ax - 4bx &= -7 - 3 \\ 2x(a - 2b) &= -10 \\ x(a - 2b) &= -5 \\ x &= \frac{-5}{a - 2b} \end{aligned}$$

$$39. 4ax + 5bx = 3$$

解

$$\begin{aligned} x(4a + 5b) &= 3 \\ x &= \frac{3}{4a + 5b} \end{aligned}$$

$$40. ax + b = cx + d$$

解

$$\begin{aligned} ax - cx &= d - b \\ x(a - c) &= d - b \\ x &= \frac{d - b}{a - c} \end{aligned}$$

$$41. \text{解聯立方程式}$$

$$\begin{cases} ax + by = c \dots (1) \\ x - y = d \dots (2) \end{cases}$$

解

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \times a \quad ax - ay &= ad \dots (3) \\ (1) - (3) \quad (b + a)y &= c - ad \\ \therefore y &= \frac{c - ad}{b + a} \\ (2) \times b \quad bx - by &= bd \dots (4) \\ (1) + (4) \quad (a + b)x &= c + bd \\ \therefore x &= \frac{c + bd}{a + b} \\ \text{答: } x &= \frac{c + bd}{a + b}, y = \frac{c - ad}{b + a} \end{aligned}$$

$$42. \text{解聯立方程式}$$

$$\begin{cases} ax + y = b \dots (1) \\ ax - y = d \dots (2) \end{cases}$$

解

$$\begin{aligned} (1) + (2) \quad 2ax &= b + d \\ \therefore x &= \frac{b + d}{2a} \\ (1) - (2) \quad 2y &= b - d \\ \therefore y &= \frac{b - d}{2} \\ \text{答: } x &= \frac{b + d}{2a}, y = \frac{b - d}{2} \end{aligned}$$

43. 解聯立方程式

$$\begin{cases} x + ay = b \dots (1) \\ x - ay = c \dots (2) \end{cases}$$

解

$$(1) + (2) \quad 2x = b + c$$
$$\therefore x = \frac{b + c}{2}$$
$$(1) - (2) \quad 2ay = b - c$$
$$\therefore y = \frac{b - c}{2a}$$

答： $x = \frac{b+c}{2}, y = \frac{b-c}{2a}$

44. 解聯立方程式

$$\begin{cases} x + y = a \dots (1) \\ x - y = b \dots (2) \end{cases}$$

解

$$(1) + (2) \quad 2x = a + b$$
$$\therefore x = \frac{a + b}{2}$$
$$(1) - (2) \quad 2y = a - b$$
$$\therefore y = \frac{a - b}{2}$$

答： $x = \frac{a+b}{2}, y = \frac{a-b}{2}$

45. 解聯立方程式

$$\begin{cases} ax + y = b \dots (1) \\ x - ay = c \dots (2) \end{cases}$$

解

$$(2) \times a \quad 2a - a^2y = ac \dots (3)$$
$$(1) - (3)$$
$$y + a^2y = b - ac$$
$$(1 + a^2)y = b - ac$$
$$\therefore y = \frac{b - ac}{1 + a^2}$$

$$(1) \times a \quad a^2x + ay = ab \dots (4)$$
$$(2) + (4)$$
$$x + a^2x = c + ab$$
$$(1 + a^2)x = c + ab$$
$$\therefore x = \frac{c + ab}{1 + a^2}$$

答： $x = \frac{c+ab}{1+a^2}, y = \frac{b-ac}{1+a^2}$

46. 解一元二次方程式

$$ax^2 + a^2x = 0 \quad (a \neq 0)$$

解

$$ax^2 + a^2x = 0$$
$$ax(x + a) = 0$$
$$\begin{cases} ax = 0, x = 0 \\ x + a = 0, x = -a \end{cases}$$

答： $x = 0, -a$

47. 解一元二次方程式

$$x^2 - 2ax + a^2 = 0$$

解 $x^2 - 2ax + a^2 = 0$
 $(x - a)^2 = 0$

$$x = a(\text{重根})$$

$$\text{答：} x = a (\text{重根})$$

49. 解一元二次方程式

$$abx^2 + (a + b)x + 1 = 0$$

解 $abx^2 + (a + b)x + 1 = 0$
 $(ax + 1)(bx + 1) = 0$

$$\begin{cases} ax + 1 = 0, x = -\frac{1}{a} \\ bx + 1 = 0, x = -\frac{1}{b} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{答：} x = -\frac{1}{a}, -\frac{1}{b}$$

48. 解一元二次方程式

$$x^2 - (a + b)x + ab = 0$$

解 $x^2 - (a + b)x + ab = 0$
 $(x - a)(x - b) = 0$

$$x = a, b$$

$$\text{答：} x = a, b$$

50. 解一元二次方程式

$$x^2 - 4ax + 3a^2 = 0$$

解 $x^2 - 4ax + 3a^2 = 0$
 $(x - 3a)(x - a) = 0$

$$\begin{cases} x - 3a = 0, x = 3a \\ x - a = 0, x = a \end{cases}$$

$$\text{答：} x = 3a, a$$